

Advising the Congress on Medicare issues

Hospice utilization and quality issues

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Content of this presentation

- Follow-up items from previous meetings
- Analysis of visit data from one hospice chain
- Overview of quality of hospice care
- Final comments on June report chapter

MedPAC's recent discussions of hospice

- History of Medicare's hospice benefit
- Eligibility and coverage
- Payment system, including cap
- Hospice spending relative to conventional end-of-life care
- Quality of hospice care

Access to hospice is high in states with large numbers of hospices reaching cap, 2005

State	Percent of hospices reaching cap	Hospices per 10,000 bene- ficiaries	Hospice users / Medicare decedents
Mississ- ippi	36.0	2.3	51.5%
Oklahoma	28.3%	2.9	60.0
Utah	21.2	2.4	70.2
Arizona	20.0	0.7	67.6
Alabama	17.9	1.6	56.3
Nevada	0.0	0.4	46.7
Maryland	0.0	0.3	34.3
DC	0.0	0.3	24.8
Rhode Island	0.0	0.3	42.4

- Hospices in states with high cap rates assert cap will create access problems
- But access in high-cap rate states is high, regardless of measure



Geographic adjustment increases number of rural and other hospices exceeding cap

- Rural hospices exceeding cap would increase by 21 percent (n=18)
- Nonprofit hospices exceeding cap would increase by 26 percent (n=4)
- Provider-based hospices exceeding cap would increase by 24 percent (n=4)
- Some urban effect as well



Level of overpayments varies substantially, with impact on margins

- 220 of ~2,900 hospices exceeded cap in 2005
- Cap overpayments ranged from 9 percent (25th percentile) to 35 percent (75th percentile) of Medicare payments
- Net margins also vary:
 - Margin w/actual payments
 - 4.7% (25th pctl) 28% (75th pctl)
 - Margin after return of overpayments
 - -35.6% (25th pctl) 26.3% (75th pctl)

Few patients rescind election, or use more than one hospice

Percent of patients revoking hospice

7.5

Percent of patients using:

1 hospice	96.97
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2 hospices 2.86

3 - 8 hospices 0.17

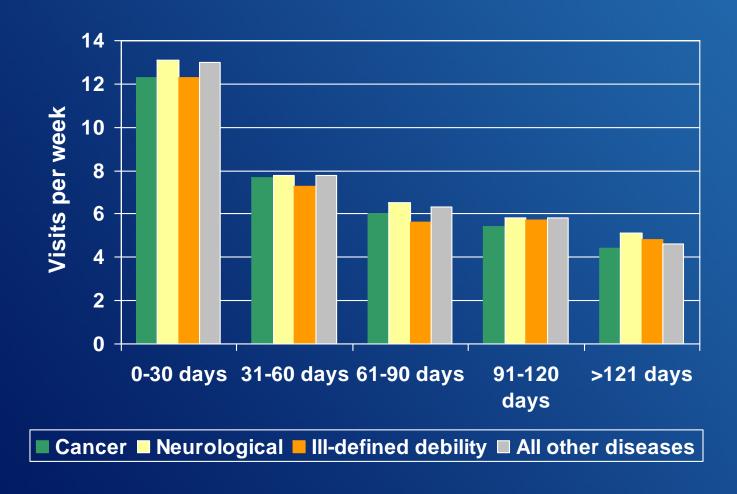


Visit-level patient data from one large forprofit hospice chain

- Large for-profit chain
 - 44 hospice agencies in 17 states, serving approx. 5% of Medicare's hospice population
 - Visit-level patient data from 2002 to 2007 includes patient diagnosis, duration of each visit and episode, type of provider of each visit, location of each visit
- Findings corroborate broad Medicare hospice program trends
 - Average patient length of stay has increased
 - Patient case-mix includes lower proportion of cancer patients

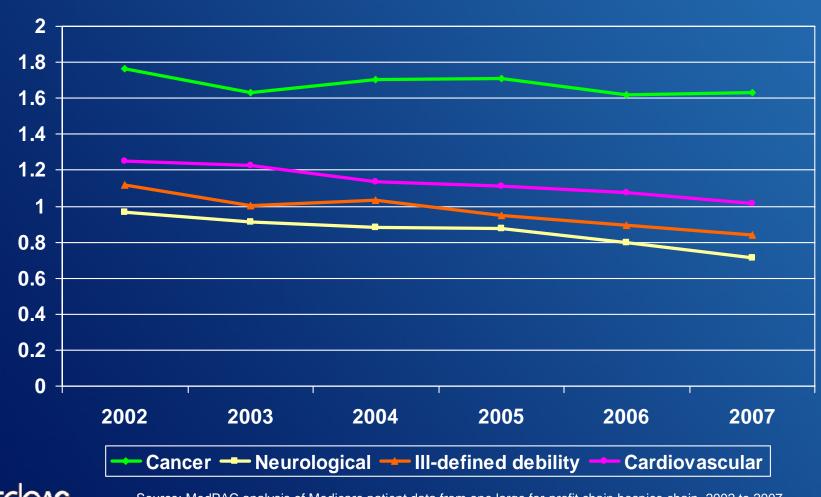


Visits per week driven by patient length of stay, 2007





Ratio of visits conducted by nurses to home health aides, by diagnosis, 2002 to 2007





Summary: Observations of data from one large for-profit hospice chain

- Variation in visits per week is a function of length of stay, rather than diagnosis
- Intensity of provider service mix varies by diagnosis
- Visit-level patient data enables in-depth episode trend analysis that is otherwise unavailable

Hospice quality of care

- NHPCO Family Evaluation of Hospice Care Survey (1999)
 - Pain and symptom management
 - Meeting physical and psychological needs
 - Communication

Survey data presents challenges for use by Medicare

- Survey participation and response bias
- Subjective nature of questions / responses
- Collected from family members
- May not adequately differentiate hospice performance

Family satisfaction with hospice care seems not to vary by length of stay

Diagnosis	Percent rating care 'excellent'	Percent rating care 'very good / good'	Percent rating care 'fair/poor'
Cancer	77.9	20.5	1.6
Dementia	73.3	24.9	1.8

Source: Mitchell *et al.* 2007. Hospice care for patients with dementia. *Journal of Pain and Symptom Management*, 34(1):7-16.



Newer initiatives to assess quality of hospice care

- NAHC Family and Patient Satisfaction Survey (Fall 2007)
- CMS / N. Carolina QIO "PEACE" project (February 2008)
- American Hospice Foundation hospice "report card" (not yet implemented)

Administrative measures of quality

- Admissions / intake procedures
- Visit intensity
- Staffing (e.g., number of patients per registered nurse, staff turnover)



Topics for future focused review

- Cost reporting / data: payment and quality
- Certification of eligibility for hospice, including accountability
- Payment system reforms



Summary

- Material covered to date
 - History of Medicare's hospice benefit
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 - Quality of hospice care
- Input on June report chapter